

Editorial Comments.

Carranza had to act quick or lose his place in the public eye.

The defenders of Liege should hereafter be known as the "Kings Liegeans."

When the Germans quit the frontier of France, will it be what is called a French leave?

The German and Russian fleets are both in the Baltic Sea, but no battle has taken place.

The Oklahoma Democrats have nominated R. L. Williams for Governor in a close race.

After all, the Federals have yielded to the Constitutionalists at Mexico City without a fight.

Gov. McCreary has gone to Atlantic City and Lieut. Gov. McDermott is acting Governor.

Gavrio Prinzeps, the boy who killed Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife, June 28, started the war.

Gov. Cox has been renominated by the Democrats in Ohio. David Tod is leading for the Republican nomination.

The Germans might have invaded France by way of Metz, South of Belgium, and missed what they met at Liege.

The Canadian government has offered the imperial authorities 1,000,000 bags of flour as a gift for the use of the British people.

If the war will stop the female fashions from being changed for 4 or 5 years, it will be worth the money in the cost of high living.

There are still some farmers who report not enough rain to entirely end the drouth conditions. This is true of a section near Newstead.

Complete returns from the State primary give Beckham 6,806 over Stanley. The vote is, Beckham 172,677, Stanley 65,871, McCreary 20,257.

All returns in Tennessee defeat Burrow, Democrat, by 1,395 votes for Supreme Court Judge. Williams, fusionist, holding office by appointment, is elected.

China started late but has already passed us. Four women have been elected to congress, but they cannot be expected to take a flat-footed stand on any question.

Gov. Slaton, of Georgia, by proclamation, called upon all the people of Georgia to suspend business from 2:00 to 2:05 o'clock Tuesday, the day of Mrs. Wilson's burial at Rome. State offices were closed and flags put at half mast.

The Louisville Post of Monday was an anniversary edition celebrating the paper's 38th birthday. It contained 52 pages and was a most creditable display of the enterprise and prosperity of the Post. It was profusely illustrated and contained many highly interesting special articles. Whether we always agree with him or not, Col. Richard W. Knott knows how to run a newspaper that all of the people will read a part of the time.

COLORED TEACHERS

Will Hold County Institute Here Five Days Next Week.

The colored teachers' institute for Christian county will be held in Hopkinsville from Aug. 17th to 21st. The place of meeting will be announced later. The teachers will be expected to assemble by 9 o'clock on Monday morning to enroll for the institute. Every colored teacher who expects to teach or who holds a certificate in the county must attend the full term of the institute. The failure to do so without reasonable excuse will mean the revocation of the offender's certificate.

HOME COMING SEPT. 29TH

Opening Day of The Pennyroyal Fair To Be A Great Occasion.

SENATOR JAMES TO SPEAK.

Governors of All Adjoining States Invited To Be Guests of Association.

The opening day of the Pennyroyal Fair, Sept. 29, has been set aside as a big Home Coming Day for Kentuckians. An effort will be made to get all Kentuckians who have ever formerly lived in this part of the State to be present on the occasion.

Some of the most noted statesmen, orators and agricultural experts have been invited to be present and already Senator Ollie M. James has consented to be one of the speakers. The Governors of all States adjoining Kentucky have also been sent invitations to be present as the guests of the Fair Association.

A special invitation has been sent to Gov. McCreary and the management is expecting to hear from him soon.

With the presence of these noted Statesmen and officials to add an especial interest, Home Coming Day should be one of the red letter days in the history of Hopkinsville.

OWENSBORO FEDERAL JAIL

Crowded With Alleged Bootleggers From Hopkins And Webster Counties.

The trials of the prisoners brought here from Madisonville and Providence on the charge of bootlegging were held before United States Commissioner A. H. Clark, and the final decision handed down Tuesday evening. Six of the alleged bootleggers were tried on Monday and the remainder were tried on Tuesday.

All twenty-two of the prisoners were held over to the Federal Court at Owensboro. They were taken to jail to await trial. This makes 47 held over here in 30 days for the same offense.

NEW CHURCH

Follows a Division In The Henderson Baptist Church.

With one hundred and eighty-two charter members, the new Baptist church was organized at the Jewish Synagogue, corner of Center and Altes streets, on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The church was named "The Emanuel Baptist Church of Henderson, Ky.," which name was adopted after two other names had been suggested and voted down. There was a large crowd present at Sunday school, the Knights of Gideon class leading all others in point of attendance, having thirty-six young men present.

Officers for the church and Sunday school were elected. All nine of the deacons from the First Baptist Church were elected to serve in the same capacity in the new church. Dr. George W. Clarke, was unanimously chosen as pastor of the church by a rising vote.—Henderson Journal.

DRY STRIP

Extends From Julien South To Bell's Station.

There is a strip of country a few miles south of town about two miles wide, extending from Julien to Bell, where the drouth has hung on with more severity than anywhere else. The local showers have missed it and the recent general rain was a mere sprinkle. The earth is still dusty on the E. D. Jones farm, near Newstead.

ARE FIGHTING ALONG THE ENTIRE FRENCH FRONTIER

Sparring For Positions And Troops Are Being Massed For a Great And Decisive Battle--- German Battery Destroyed.

WARSHIPS CLASH ON THE HIGH SEAS

Paris, Aug. 12.—The French troops along the entire front are in contact with the Germans. At Manguennes, northeast of Verdun, the Germans attacked the French Monday night. The French, reinforced by reserves, then took the offensive and repulsed the Germans with considerable losses. A German battery was destroyed by the French artillery fire, and another was captured, with three Gatling guns and ammunition.

A regiment of German cavalry suffered seriously. Near Moncel, a German battalion, with artillery, was repulsed. The German losses are said to be heavy.

The village of Lagrade, in German territory, was taken by the French at the point of the bayonet.

German forces appeared at Longwy and demanded the surrender of the town, which was refused.

Fighting at Sea.

Boston, Aug. 12.—A battle at sea between a British cruiser and a German cruiser, about 250 miles north of San Salvador, was reported by Captain Terjesen, of the Norwegian fruit steamer Lovland, which arrived to-night from Banes, Cuba.

The German warship finally was forced to flee, according to Captain Terjesen, who said several shots fell near his ship.

London, Aug. 12.—The new Admiralty and War Office Information bureau, established by the British Government has started to work. Its first announcement was as follows:

"About two German cavalry divisions are in the neighborhood of Tongres, to the north of Liege. Three German army corps are still opposite Liege, and other German troops are reported to be entrenching along the line of the River Aisne."

"The large German force is moving through the Duchy of Luxembourg and its advance troops are now at the Belgian frontier."

"German cavalry patrols have been reported near Marchienne and Arlon. Several individual soldiers

belonging to German patrols have been captured both in France and Belgium. In all cases they were reported to be short of food for both men and horses and to have made no resistance."

"The British Consul General at Shanghai, China, reports that no British vessels have been pursued or molested."

"A report from The Hague, Holland, states that the public nervousness in that country has been allayed since the publication of Great Britain's attitude respecting the neutrality of The Netherlands."

"It is stated that the Germans lost 8,000 killed before Liege, but this is unconfirmed."

"A report states that the principal Liege forts are still holding out, although some of the smaller forts have been captured by the Germans. The bombardment of the fortifications by the Germans is proceeding without intermission. On one occasion a fort apparently had been silenced, but when German infantrymen advanced to attack it a hail of bullets was poured into them so suddenly and effectively that they retired with heavy loss."

"The German attackers, who are constantly being re-enforced, displayed great courage."

"It is stated that 120,000 men of the German army are engaged in the attack of Liege. Refugees from that city describe the conditions as terrible. Many houses have been damaged or burned."

"The Austria-Hungarian advance from Cracow in Austrian Galicia toward Kielce in Russian Poland is reported to be in progress. At the same time the Russian troops are said to be advancing from Rovno up the valley of the River Styr toward Lemberg, the Galician capital."

"The Bulgarian Government has demanded a credit of \$10,000,000 for mobilization expenses in addition to a previous credit of \$30,000,000 for armaments."

Real Causes of Embroglio in Europe and the Vast Stakes That Are at Issue

Assassination of Archduke Ferdinand of Austria and his morganatic wife at Sarajevo.

The attempts of Austria to prevent the creation of a large Slav empire in the Balkans by frustrating the possibility of one; first, in the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, in 1907, followed by Austria's active opposition to the acquisition of a seaport by Serbia on the Aegean as a reward for her victories in the recent war with Turkey.

The support of Austria by Germany and Italy in accord with the agreement of the triple alliance.

The acute economic competition between Russia and Germany, and the assumption of the prerogative on the part of Russia as the protector of the Slav race and the guardian of the Balkan states, which she had virtually created after her war with Turkey in 1876.

Russia's desire for supremacy in the near East, with the ultimate acquisition of Constantinople and free passage through the Dardanelles.

Germany's determination to remain the leading economic and political factor on the continent.

The growing competition between England and Germany for economic supremacy and England's determination to remain master of the Mediterranean and the Suez canal as a protection for her African possessions, enhanced by the possible strengthening of Austria and Italy and the aggressive development of the colonial policy in Germany.

The enmity of France against Germany for the defeat at Sedan in 1870 and the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine, together with the desire to protect her African possessions, Algiers, Tunis and particularly Morocco, in the event of a victory of the triple alliance.

The union of Russia, France and England in the triple entente, with the obligation of mutual aid in the event of a crisis.

Brutal Crime.

Police are searching for the man who entered the home of Mrs. D. B. McDaniel in Jefferson county and criminally assaulted her, after overpowering her mother-in-law. The assault was made in the night and Mrs. McDaniel could not even tell if her assailant was white or black.

State Convention.

The State Convention of the Christian Church in Kentucky has been called for Ashland from August 31 to September 3. All the sessions will be held in the Christian Church, just completed, and a big attendance is expected.

CARBAJAL GIVES UP

Peaceful Transfer of Mexico City Government to Constitutionalists.

POLICE LEFT IN CONTROL

Federal Troops Withdraw to Nearby Point---Counter Revolutions Ready.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The peaceful transfer of the Mexico City government from the Carbaajal administration to the constitutionalists actually began yesterday, according to official advices to the state department by Consul Silliman now en route to the capital with General Carranza.

The consul said the federal troops evacuated the capital, leaving the city in charge of municipal police, who by agreement were to be regarded as neutral. The federals withdrew to a nearby point, he said, there to await an announcement of amnesty from General Carranza. Should guarantees be refused, officials here do not doubt that an immediate counter revolution will be set in motion.

The Brazilian minister to Mexico, who is caring for American interests, Governor Iturbide of the Mexican federal district, and a command of two others, left today for Tula, north of Mexico City, where General Obregon, commander of one of the big constitutionalist army divisions, has headquarters. General Carranza is expected to go there immediately. The commission is endeavoring to arrange details of the constitutionalist entry.

SPIES OVER-RUN BELGIUM

One Hundred Germans Shot, Many More Arrested.

Brussels, Aug. 12.—Belgium has been covered by a net work of German spies. Six hundred already have been arrested and one hundred were shot Monday.

Some of the Germans captured wore uniforms of gendarmes, civil guards, soldiers and officers of the Belgian army. Many were armed with bombs and revolvers and rode in automobiles bearing false numbers. They also had in their possession telegrams and letters with the counterfeit signature of the Belgian minister of war.

Just before and after the fighting began private signs were discovered on bridges, military works and aqueducts indicating that those structures should be blown up.

Severe precautions have now been taken by the military authorities. No one is admitted at the railway stations without a military permit. Automobiles are halted at every mile.

The war minister has issued a proclamation that every German and Austrian who does not declare himself within twenty-four hours will be considered a spy. Since the Flanders provinces were placed under martial law two days ago, more than 2,000 have been arrested as spies.

Forty thousand volunteers have been enrolled and have been formed into twenty regiments, of two thousand each.

The train service between Brussels and Paris was resumed this morning.

H. A. Keach and J. D. McGowan left yesterday for Cadiz to go into camp ten days at Glenwood M. is with a party from Cadiz.

AUTOS FOR THE CARRIERS

Is Advocated By Postmaster General Burleson For Their Use.

SERVICE WOULD BE IMPROVED

Wants \$1,800 Machine On Each of The 44,000 Routes.

Washington, D. C.—A reorganization of the rural route system is contemplated by the postmaster general.

This bill provides for the use of automobiles on rural routes in all states that have roads adapted to the use of such vehicles. It provides for a radical change in the rural free delivery system. Under present conditions the length of a standard route is twenty-four miles and the maximum compensation paid carriers is \$1,200 a year. The postmaster general proposes to increase the length of routes where conditions are favorable to fifty miles and on such routes carriers will be paid \$1,800 a year. They will be required to use automobiles on the longer routes.

In discussing the subject the postmaster general pointed out that in thickly settled agricultural regions a group of routes radiate from the same town. The services of one carrier are required for nearly every route. The postmaster general is of the opinion that with the introduction of automobiles the length of the routes may be doubled without impairing the efficiency of the service in any respect.

He is also of the opinion that in some instances it may be found desirable to have routes fifty miles in length on a straight line. On such routes he would have the carriers deliver and collect on the outward trip, remaining over night at the terminus of the route and deliver and collect on their return journey the following day. Such an innovation will require a great deal of reorganization in many states.

In planning to reorganize the rural mail service by the introduction of automobiles, the postmaster general is trying to effect economies. The rural free delivery system is the most expensive branch of the postal service. There are at present about 44,000 routes in operation throughout the United States. It costs approximately \$46,000,000 a year to maintain them. The business of these routes does not yield to exceed 5 per cent a year on the investment. The system is conducted at a tremendous loss.

Postmaster General Burleson is of the opinion that if congress will authorize a yearly compensation of \$1,800 on automobile routes that the cost can be materially reduced without effecting the efficiency of the service. In fact, the postmaster general is of the opinion that the use of the automobile will increase the efficiency of the service.

The use of the automobile would render unnecessary the employment of one carrier on practically every route. Just how many carriers would be laid off under the new system has not yet been figured out by the authorities.

Walter Boren Dead.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 12.—Walter Boren, the young man who, it is alleged, took part in the double tragedy at Boaz last Thursday night in which his brother, Charles Boren, was shot to death by John Newman and the latter stabbed to death by Walter Boren, died early yesterday morning in jail here. His death is attributed to spinal meningitis superinduced by being struck on the head in a fight at the picnic the day before the Boaz tragedy. At his bedside when death came were his aged father and mother, Henry Boren and wife. The body will be shipped to Boaz for burial beside his brother in Liberty. The only person surviving who is charged with taking part in the fatal fight is Henry Boren, who was arrested Monday and lodged in jail.